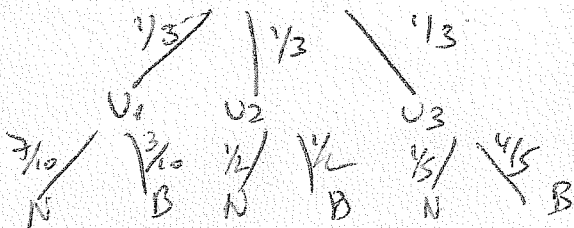
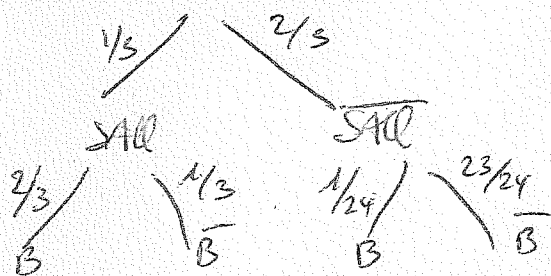


ex 19:



$$P(U_1|N) = \frac{P(U_1 \cap N)}{P(N)} = \frac{\frac{1}{3} \cdot \frac{2}{10}}{\frac{1}{3} \cdot \frac{2}{10} + \frac{1}{3} \cdot \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{3} \cdot \frac{1}{5}} = \frac{1}{2}$$

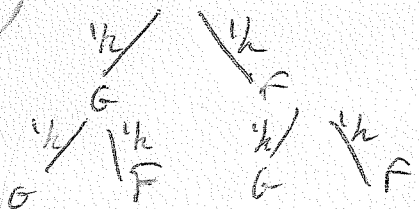
ex 20:



$$P(\text{SAT} | B) = \frac{P(\text{SAT} \cap B)}{P(B)} = \frac{\frac{1}{3} \cdot \frac{2}{3}}{\frac{1}{3} \cdot \frac{2}{3} + \frac{2}{3} \cdot \frac{1}{24}} = \dots = \frac{8}{9}$$

ex 21

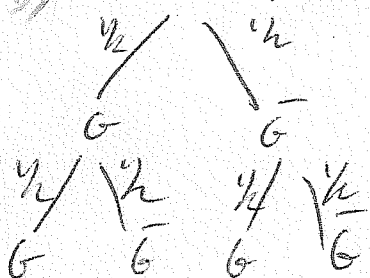
a)



A = un médecin en jeun
B = un 2^{ème} G

$$P(B|A) = \frac{P(B \cap A)}{P(A)} = \frac{1/4}{2/4} = \frac{1}{3}$$

b)

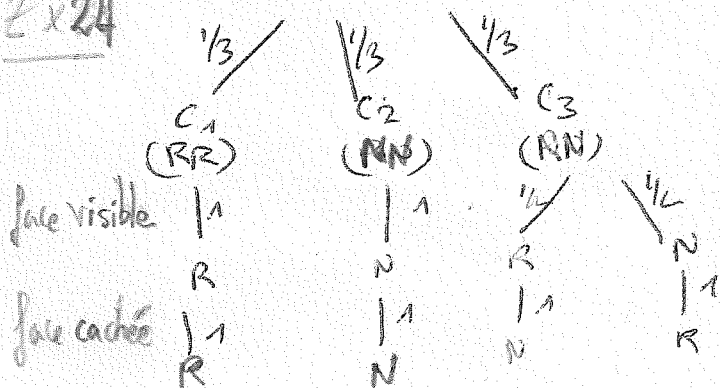


$$P(G_2 | G_1) = \frac{P(G_2 \cap G_1)}{P(G_1)} = \frac{1/4}{1/2} = 1/2$$

G₁: le 1^{er} est un jeun

G₂: le 2^{ème} " " " "

ex 24



A = face visible rouge
B = face cachée noire

$$P(B|A) = \frac{P(A \cap B)}{P(A)} = \frac{\frac{1}{3} \cdot \frac{1}{2} \cdot 1}{\frac{1}{3} \cdot 1 + \frac{1}{3} \cdot \frac{1}{2}} = \frac{1}{3}$$